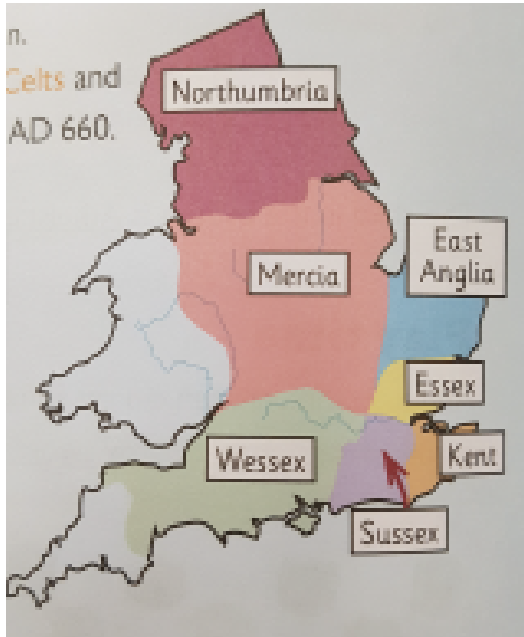





# Year 5 - Vikings

| Anglo Saxon Britain   |   | Viking Gods           |   | Vocabulary Dozen  |   |   |
|---|---|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| AD 410  | The Romans leave Britain.   | Odin                  | Father of the gods  | settlement  | A place where people have come to live and built homes.                               |   |
| AD 400-AD 600   | The Dark Ages – little is known about these times                             | Frigg                 | Odin's wife, the goddess of love  | conquer   | To get something by force.  |   |
| AD 550  | Britain is broken up into small kingdoms (see below)                          | Thor                  | God of thunder and protected humans   | kingdom   | A country whose ruler is a king or a queen.   |   |
| AD 660  | Anglo-Saxons control most of Britain.   | Tyr                   | God of war and justice  | Scandinavia   | The area that is made up of the countries: Norway, Sweden and Denmark.                |   |
| AD 757-AD 796   | Offa is the king of Mercia. Mercia is the most powerful kingdom at this time. | Loki                  | The god of fire/light- a sly and mischievous god who can change form.         | ritual  | A ceremony or series of acts that is always performed in the same way.                |   |
| <b>Seven Kingdoms</b><br>Britain was split into 7 kingdoms in AD 660: Northumbria, Mercia, East Anglia, Essex, Wessex, Sussex and Kent. |   | <b>Viking Britain</b> |   | monastery   | A building where people worship and devote their time to God.                         |   |
|   |   | 790- 799 AD           | First Viking raids on Britain   | missionaries  | Someone who makes it their mission to convert people to a particular religion.        |   |
|   |   | 793 AD                | Attack on Lindisfarne (the first planned Viking raid)                         | fertile   | Capable of producing fruit/ offspring.  |   |
|   |   | 871 AD                | Alfred the Great becomes king of Wessex                                       | treaty  | A written agreement between two states.   |   |
|   |   | 876 AD                | Guthrum (new leader of Vikings) attacks Wessex                                | massacre  | The killing of many people.   |   |
|   |   | 878 AD                | Battle at Chippenham, many of Alfred's men are killed.                        | archaeologist   | An expert who studies objects from the past to learn about the people who lived then. |   |
|   |   | 878 AD                | Alfred's army beat the Danish Vikings. Alfred and Guthrum make a treaty.      | excavation  | To uncover something by digging and removing the earth that covers it.                |   |
|   |   | 924 AD                | Athelstan becomes the King of Mercia  | <b>Flags of Scandinavia</b>   |   |   |
|   |   | 928 AD                | Athelstan retakes York from the Vikings and becomes the first King of England |  |  |  |
|   |   | 978 AD                | New Viking raids after King Aethelred the Unready is crowned.                 | Norway  | Sweden  | Denmark   |
|   |   | 1002 AD               | Aethelred takes revenge on Vikings, orders all Danish men to be killed.       |   |   |   |
| 1042 AD   | Edward becomes King, and becomes known as Edward the Confessor.               |                       |   |   |   |   |
| 1066  | Battle of Hastings  |                       |   |   |   |   |