

## Y3/4 STONE AGE TO IRON AGE

The Stone Age gets its name from the stone tools people made.

OLD STONE AGE – Palaeolithic In Britain: 900,000 – 10,500 BC

During the **Palaeolithic** period, people invented clothing, lived in caves and started to control fire. They were nomadic and lived in groups of about 20 – 30 people. People hunted animals and gathered nuts, berries and grains.

MID STONE AGE – Mesolithic

In Britain: 10,500 – 5,500 BC

During the **Mesolithic** period, people made cave paintings. They began to settle for periods of time in one place before moving on. As well as hunting, they gathered plants. People began to store food for later.



NEW STONE AGE – Neolithic In Britain: 5,500 – 2400 BC



During the **Neolithic** period, people began to farm - planting grains and herding animals. They built permanent villages and developed pottery and weaving skills. New technology, including the arrowhead, plough and calendars were developed. Britain became cut off from mainland Europe.

BRONZE AGE In Britain: 2400 - 800 BC

During the **Bronze Age**, people began to make tools and weapons from bronze (an alloy of copper and tin). Britons began mining metals. New settlers arrived. Some belonged to the Beaker culture – people who worshipped in stone circles. Many of their customs were adopted by the Britons. People began to trade the goods they were making and trade routes around Europe and Asia were set up.



### 5,000 years ago...

4,600 years ago...



Writing is developed = beginning of recorded history

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# 3,000 years ago...



Celtic culture develops

# Nearly 2,000 years ago...



55 BC Julius Caesar raids Britain

54 BC Julius Caesar invades Britain again and is defeated



During the **Iron Age**, people began to make tools and weapons from steel (an alloy of iron and carbon) as it was stronger than bronze. In 100 BC, the first coins in Britain were minted. There was lots of fighting between tribes and many people lived in hill forts to protect themselves from attack. Men and boys were trained as warriors.

The Stone Age - Bronze Age - Iron Agelithic = stone

Palaeolithic palaeo = old

**Mesolithic** meso = middle Neolithic

The Palaeolithic era was far, far longer than any of the other pre-historic eras.

Most of the information on this sheet is guess work. Archaeologists have pieced together what they think happened from the finds they have made. What we think happened during this pre-historic time changes with new finds. The footprints discovered in Norfolk six years ago have changed the date for when we now think the first humans came to Britain.

	VOCABULARY			
	nomad	A person who moves from place to	trade	Exchanging something for something
ius aids		place		else
	migrate	To move from one region to	archaeologist	A person who digs up artefacts to
	•	another	<b>.</b>	study human history
iius	extinction	The action of becoming extinct	alloy	A metal made by mixing two or more
		(none left)		metals
	era	A length of time in history	culture	A way of life shared by a group of
es				people
ed	submerged	Underwater/completely covered	customs	Traditions/things that people do

IRON AGE In Britain: 800 BC - 43 AD